CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1181

Chapter 147, Laws of 1999

56th Legislature 1999 Regular Session

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PERPETRATOR TREATMENT PROGRAMS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/25/99

Passed by the House February 26, 1999 CERTIFICATE Yeas 96 Nays 0 We, Dean R. Foster and Timothy A. Martin, Co-Chief Clerks of the House CLYDE BALLARD of Representatives of the State of Speaker of the House of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE** Representatives BILL 1181 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth. FRANK CHOPP Speaker of the House of Representatives DEAN R. FOSTER Chief Clerk Passed by the Senate April 9, 1999 TIMOTHY A. MARTIN Yeas 43 Nays 2 Chief Clerk BRAD OWEN President of the Senate Approved April 30, 1999 FILED April 30, 1999 - 11:51 a.m. Secretary of State GARY LOCKE State of Washington Governor of the State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1181

Passed Legislature - 1999 Regular Session

State of Washington 56th Legislature 1999 Regular Session

By House Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections (originally sponsored by Representatives Edwards, Romero, Radcliff, Scott, DeBolt, Cooper, Lovick, Hurst, Fisher, Kessler, Dickerson, O'Brien, Cody, Kenney, Ogden, Wood, Santos, Regala, Conway, Lantz, Rockefeller, McIntire and Stensen)

Read first time 02/19/1999.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to domestic violence perpetrator treatment
- 2 programs; amending RCW 26.50.150, 26.50.060, and 9.94A.120; and
- 3 prescribing penalties.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 26.50.150 and 1991 c 301 s 7 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 The department of social and health services shall adopt rules for
- 8 standards of approval of domestic violence perpetrator programs that
- 9 accept perpetrators of domestic violence into treatment to satisfy
- 10 court orders or that represent the programs as ones that treat domestic
- 11 violence perpetrators. The treatment must meet the following minimum
- 12 qualifications:
- 13 (1) All treatment must be based upon a full, complete clinical
- 14 intake including: Current and past violence history; a lethality risk
- 15 assessment; a complete diagnostic evaluation; a substance abuse
- 16 assessment; criminal history; assessment of cultural issues, learning
- 17 disabilities, literacy, and special language needs; and a treatment
- 18 plan that adequately and appropriately addresses the treatment needs of
- 19 the individual.

- 1 (2) To facilitate communication necessary for periodic safety 2 checks and case monitoring, the program must require the perpetrator to 3 sign the following releases:
- 4 (a) A release for the program to inform the victim and victim's 5 community and legal advocates that the perpetrator is in treatment with 6 the program, and to provide information, for safety purposes, to the 7 victim and victim's community and legal advocates;
- 8 (b) A release to prior and current treatment agencies to provide 9 information on the perpetrator to the program; and
- 10 (c) A release for the program to provide information on the 11 perpetrator to relevant legal entities including: Lawyers, courts, 12 parole, probation, child protective services, and child welfare 13 services.
- (3) Treatment must be for a minimum treatment period defined by the 14 15 secretary of the department by rule. The weekly treatment sessions 16 must be in a group unless there is a documented, clinical reason for 17 another modality. Any other therapies, such as individual, marital, or family therapy, substance abuse evaluations or therapy, medication 18 19 reviews, or psychiatric interviews, may be concomitant with the weekly 20 group treatment sessions described in this section but not a substitute for it. 21
- (4) The treatment must focus primarily on ending the violence, 22 holding the perpetrator accountable for his or her violence, and 23 24 changing his or her behavior. The treatment must be based on 25 nonvictim-blaming strategies and philosophies and shall include 26 education about the individual, family, and cultural dynamics of 27 domestic violence. If the perpetrator or the victim has a minor child, treatment must specifically include education regarding the effects of 28 domestic violence on children, such as the emotional impacts of 29 30 domestic violence on children and the long-term consequences that exposure to incidents of domestic violence may have on children. 31
- (5) Satisfactory completion of treatment must be contingent upon the perpetrator meeting specific criteria, defined by rule by the secretary of the department, and not just upon the end of a certain period of time or a certain number of sessions.
- 36 (6) The program must have policies and procedures for dealing with 37 reoffenses and noncompliance.
- 38 (7) All evaluation and treatment services must be provided by, or 39 under the supervision of, qualified personnel.

- 1 (8) The secretary of the department may adopt rules and establish 2 fees as necessary to implement this section.
- 3 **Sec. 2.** RCW 26.50.060 and 1996 c 248 s 13 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- 5 (1) Upon notice and after hearing, the court may provide relief as 6 follows:
- 7 (a) Restrain the respondent from committing acts of domestic 8 violence;
- 9 (b) Exclude the respondent from the dwelling which the parties 10 share, from the residence, workplace, or school of the petitioner, or 11 from the day care or school of a child;
- (c) On the same basis as is provided in chapter 26.09 RCW, the court shall make residential provision with regard to minor children of the parties. However, parenting plans as specified in chapter 26.09 RCW shall not be required under this chapter;
- (d) Order the respondent to participate in ((batterers' treatment))

 a domestic violence perpetrator treatment program approved under RCW

 26.50.150;
- (e) Order other relief as it deems necessary for the protection of the petitioner and other family or household members sought to be protected, including orders or directives to a peace officer, as allowed under this chapter;
 - (f) Require the respondent to pay the administrative court costs and service fees, as established by the county or municipality incurring the expense and to reimburse the petitioner for costs incurred in bringing the action, including a reasonable attorney's fee;
- (g) Restrain the respondent from having any contact with the victim of domestic violence or the victim's children or members of the victim's household;
- (h) Require the respondent to submit to electronic monitoring. The order shall specify who shall provide the electronic monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring must be performed. The order also may include a requirement that the respondent pay the costs of the monitoring. The court shall consider the ability of the respondent to pay for electronic monitoring;
 - (i) Consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800;

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- 1 (j) Order possession and use of essential personal effects. The 2 court shall list the essential personal effects with sufficient 3 specificity to make it clear which property is included; and
 - (k) Order use of a vehicle.

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- 5 (2) If a restraining order restrains the respondent from contacting the respondent's minor children the restraint shall be for a fixed 6 7 period not to exceed one year. This limitation is not applicable to 8 orders for protection issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 RCW. 9 With regard to other relief, if the petitioner has petitioned for 10 relief on his or her own behalf or on behalf of the petitioner's family or household members or minor children, and the court finds that the 11 respondent is likely to resume acts of domestic violence against the 12 13 petitioner or the petitioner's family or household members or minor children when the order expires, the court may either grant relief for 14 15 a fixed period or enter a permanent order of protection.
 - If the petitioner has petitioned for relief on behalf of the respondent's minor children, the court shall advise the petitioner that if the petitioner wants to continue protection for a period beyond one year the petitioner may either petition for renewal pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or may seek relief pursuant to the provisions of chapter 26.09 or 26.26 RCW.
- (3) If the court grants an order for a fixed time period, the 22 petitioner may apply for renewal of the order by filing a petition for 23 24 renewal at any time within the three months before the order expires. 25 The petition for renewal shall state the reasons why the petitioner 26 seeks to renew the protection order. Upon receipt of the petition for 27 renewal the court shall order a hearing which shall be not later than fourteen days from the date of the order. Except as provided in RCW 28 26.50.085, personal service shall be made on the respondent not less 29 30 than five days before the hearing. If timely service cannot be made the court shall set a new hearing date and shall either require 31 additional attempts at obtaining personal service or permit service by 32 33 publication as provided in RCW 26.50.085 or by mail as provided in RCW 34 26.50.123. If the court permits service by publication or mail, the 35 court shall set the new hearing date not later than twenty-four days from the date of the order. If the order expires because timely 36 37 service cannot be made the court shall grant an ex parte order of protection as provided in RCW 26.50.070. The court shall grant the 38 39 petition for renewal unless the respondent proves by a preponderance of

- the evidence that the respondent will not resume acts of domestic violence against the petitioner or the petitioner's children or family or household members when the order expires. The court may renew the protection order for another fixed time period or may enter a permanent order as provided in this section. The court may award court costs, service fees, and reasonable attorneys' fees as provided in subsection (1)(f) of this section.
- 8 (4) In providing relief under this chapter, the court may realign 9 the designation of the parties as "petitioner" and "respondent" where 10 the court finds that the original petitioner is the abuser and the original respondent is the victim of domestic violence and may issue an 11 ex parte temporary order for protection in accordance with RCW 12 26.50.070 on behalf of the victim until the victim is able to prepare 13 a petition for an order for protection in accordance with RCW 14 15 26.50.030.
- (5) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, no order for protection shall grant relief to any party except upon notice to the respondent and hearing pursuant to a petition or counter-petition filed and served by the party seeking relief in accordance with RCW 26.50.050.
- 21 (6) The court order shall specify the date the order expires if 22 any. The court order shall also state whether the court issued the 23 protection order following personal service, service by publication, or 24 service by mail and whether the court has approved service by 25 publication or mail of an order issued under this section.
- 26 (7) If the court declines to issue an order for protection or 27 declines to renew an order for protection, the court shall state in 28 writing on the order the particular reasons for the court's denial.
- 29 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.94A.120 and 1998 c 260 s 3 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this section.
- 33 (1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), and (8) 34 of this section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence 35 range for the offense.
- 36 (2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence 37 range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this

- 1 chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying 2 an exceptional sentence.
- 3 (3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the 4 court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings 5 of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range 6 shall be a determinate sentence.
- 7 (4) A persistent offender shall be sentenced to a term of total 8 confinement for life without the possibility of parole or, when 9 authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder in the 10 first degree, sentenced to death, notwithstanding the maximum sentence under any other law. An offender convicted of the crime of murder in 11 the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not 12 less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault 13 in the first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the 14 15 offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to 16 kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. An offender convicted of the crime of rape in 17 the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not 18 19 less than five years. The foregoing minimum terms of total confinement are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in 20 subsection (2) of this section. In addition, all offenders subject to 21 the provisions of this subsection shall not be eligible for community 22 custody, earned early release time, furlough, home detention, partial 23 24 confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early 25 release as defined under RCW 9.94A.150 (1), (2), (3), (5), (7), or (8), 26 or any other form of authorized leave of absence from the correctional 27 facility while not in the direct custody of a corrections officer or officers during such minimum terms of total confinement except in the 28 29 case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment or for the 30 purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the case of an offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree. 31
 - (5) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision, which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include

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- 1 requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the 2 following:
 - (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

- 4 (b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense;
- 7 (c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational 8 training;
- 9 (d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the 10 court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the 11 offender's address or employment;
- 12 (e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 13 officer; or
- (f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.
- 16 (6)(a) An offender is eligible for the special drug offender 17 sentencing alternative if:
- (i) The offender is convicted of the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW or RCW 69.50.407, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes, and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4);
- 25 (ii) The offender has no prior convictions for a felony in this 26 state, another state, or the United States; and
- (iii) The offense involved only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance.
- (b) If the midpoint of the standard range is greater than one year 31 and the sentencing judge determines that the offender is eligible for 32 33 this option and that the offender and the community will benefit from 34 the use of the special drug offender sentencing alternative, the judge 35 may waive imposition of a sentence within the standard range and impose a sentence that must include a period of total confinement in a state 36 37 facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. During incarceration in the state facility, offenders sentenced under this 38 39 subsection shall undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and

receive, within available resources, treatment services appropriate for 1 2 the offender. The treatment services shall be designed by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health 3 4 services, in cooperation with the department of corrections. 5 midpoint of the standard range is twenty-four months or less, no more than three months of the sentence may be served in a work release 6 7 The court shall also impose one year of concurrent community 8 custody and community supervision that must include appropriate 9 outpatient substance abuse treatment, crime-related prohibitions including a condition not to use illegal controlled substances, and a 10 requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to monitor that 11 The court may require that the monitoring for controlled 12 13 substances be conducted by the department or by a treatment alternatives to street crime program or a comparable court or agency-14 15 referred program. The offender may be required to pay thirty dollars per month while on community custody to offset the cost of monitoring. 16

- (i) Devote time to a specific employment or training;
- (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer before any change in the offender's address or employment;

In addition, the court shall impose three or more of the following

- 23 (iii) Report as directed to a community corrections officer;
- 24 (iv) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations;
- 25 (v) Perform community service work;
- 26 (vi) Stay out of areas designated by the sentencing judge.
- 27 (c) If the offender violates any of the sentence conditions in (b) 28 subsection, the department of this shall impose sanctions 29 administratively, with notice to the prosecuting attorney and the 30 sentencing court. Upon motion of the court or the prosecuting attorney, a violation hearing shall be held by the court. If the court 31 finds that conditions have been willfully violated, the court may 32 impose confinement consisting of up to the remaining one-half of the 33 34 midpoint of the standard range. All total confinement served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender, 35 regardless of whether the total confinement is served as a result of 36 37 the original sentence, as a result of a sanction imposed by the department, or as a result of a violation found by the court. The term 38

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conditions:

- of community supervision shall be tolled by any period of time served in total confinement as a result of a violation found by the court.
- 3 (d) The department shall determine the rules for calculating the 4 value of a day fine based on the offender's income and reasonable 5 obligations which the offender has for the support of the offender and 6 any dependents. These rules shall be developed in consultation with 7 the administrator for the courts, the office of financial management, 8 and the commission.
- 9 (7) If a sentence range has not been established for the 10 defendant's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement, community service 11 12 work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or 13 other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds, 14 15 considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and 16 compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

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- (8)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable to treatment.
- The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the defendant's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender's social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.
- The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:
 - (A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
- 35 (B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and 36 description of planned treatment modalities;
- 37 (C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living 38 conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members 39 and others;

(D) Anticipated length of treatment; and

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36 37 (E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

3 The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state 4 shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

- (ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sex offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less than eleven years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:
- (A) The court shall place the defendant on community custody for 18 19 the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is 20 greater, and require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section; 21
 - (B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex The offender shall not change sex offender offender treatment. treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. In addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement, not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:
 - (I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

- 1 (II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify 2 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in 3 the offender's address or employment;
- 4 (III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 5 officer;
- 6 (IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided 7 in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination 8 thereof; or
- 9 (V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling 10 required as a result of the offender's crime; and
- 11 (C) Sex offenders sentenced under this special sex offender 12 sentencing alternative are not eligible to accrue any earned early 13 release time while serving a suspended sentence.
- (iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on the defendant's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, defendant's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the defendant's relative progress in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at sentencing.
- (iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment 21 termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for 22 completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing, 23 24 the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall 25 submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the 26 defendant's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, 27 proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request 28 and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability 29 30 of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to 31 be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. 32 treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of 33 34 community custody, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) extend 35 treatment for up to the remaining period of community custody.
- (v) If a violation of conditions occurs during community custody, the department shall either impose sanctions as provided for in RCW 9.94A.205(2)(a) or refer the violation to the court and recommend

1 revocation of the suspended sentence as provided for in (a)(vi) of this 2 subsection.

- (vi) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during the period of community custody and order execution of the sentence if:

 (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or

 (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender if the suspended
- (vii) Except as provided in (a)(viii) of this subsection, after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.
- (viii) A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a sex 14 15 offender pursuant to this subsection (8) does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court 16 17 (A) The offender has already moved to another state or finds that: plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the 18 19 certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the 20 offender's home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with 21 this subsection (8) and the rules adopted by the department of health. 22
- (ix) For purposes of this subsection (8), "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime charged.

 "Victim" also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.
 - (x) If the defendant was less than eighteen years of age when the charge was filed, the state shall pay for the cost of initial evaluation and treatment.
 - (b) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department.
- Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program

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sentence is revoked.

- 1 before the expiration of his or her term of confinement, the department
- 2 of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of
- 3 confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the
- 4 offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the
- 5 offender perform any one or more of the following:
- 6 (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- 7 (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify
- 8 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in
- 9 the offender's address or employment;
- 10 (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections
- 11 officer;
- 12 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.
- 13 If the offender violates any of the terms of his or her community
- 14 supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance
- 15 of his or her community supervision term in confinement in the custody
- 16 of the department of corrections.
- Nothing in this subsection (8)(b) shall confer eligibility for such
- 18 programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense
- 19 committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (8)(b) does not apply
- 20 to any crime committed after July 1, 1990.
- 21 (c) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed
- 22 prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an
- 23 evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they
- 24 are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be
- 25 amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a
- 26 treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the
- 27 department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to
- 28 available funds.
- 29 (9)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total
- 30 confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an
- 31 offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense
- 32 committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the
- 33 second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime
- 34 against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW 35 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly
- 36 weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter
- 37 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under subsection (6) of this section,
- 38 committed on or after July 1, 1988, the court shall in addition to the
- 39 other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to a one-year term

of community placement beginning either upon completion of the term of 1 confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community 2 custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 3 4 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the 5 community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of 6 7 such community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in 8 accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community 9 custody actually served shall be credited against the community 10 placement portion of the sentence.

- (b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement 11 to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense 12 13 categorized as a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before June 6, 1996, a serious violent offense, vehicular homicide, or 14 15 vehicular assault, committed on or after July 1, 1990, the court shall 16 in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to 17 community placement for two years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is 18 19 longer. The community placement shall begin either upon completion of 20 the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with 21 RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under 22 this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the 23 24 community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of 25 the community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in 26 accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community 27 placement portion of the sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the 28 29 court, the terms of community placement for offenders sentenced 30 pursuant to this section shall include the following conditions:
- 31 (i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with 32 the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
- (ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved education, employment, and/or community service;
- (iii) The offender shall not possess or consume controlled substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;
- (iv) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the department of corrections;

- 1 (v) The residence location and living arrangements are subject to 2 the prior approval of the department of corrections during the period 3 of community placement; and
- 4 (vi) The offender shall submit to affirmative acts necessary to 5 monitor compliance with the orders of the court as required by the 6 department.
- 7 (c) As a part of any sentence imposed under (a) or (b) of this 8 subsection, the court may also order any of the following special 9 conditions:
- 10 (i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified 11 geographical boundary;
- 12 (ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with 13 the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
- 14 (iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or 15 counseling services;
- 16 (iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol;
- 17 (v) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions; 18 or
- (vi) For an offender convicted of a felony sex offense against a minor victim after June 6, 1996, the offender shall comply with any terms and conditions of community placement imposed by the department of corrections relating to contact between the sex offender and a minor victim or a child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim.
- (d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of the department of corrections.
- (10)(a) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the 28 department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense 29 30 committed on or after June 6, 1996, the court shall, in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody 31 for three years or up to the period of earned early release awarded 32 pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. 33 34 community custody shall begin either upon completion of the term of 35 confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 36 37 9.94A.150 (1) and (2).
- 38 (b) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of 39 community custody shall be the same as those provided for in subsection

- 1 (9)(b) of this section and may include those provided for in subsection 2 (9)(c) of this section. As part of any sentence that includes a term 3 of community custody imposed under this subsection, the court shall 4 also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the 5 department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section.
- 6 (c) At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender's term of 7 community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be 8 enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or 9 all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up 10 to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term 11 of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under 12 13 this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender's term of community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for 14 15 the purposes of RCW 9.94A.195 and may be punishable as contempt of 16 court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040.
- 17 (11) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of 18 thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the 19 sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence 20 requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on 21 consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered 22 intermittent sentences as space permits.
- 23 (12) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial 24 obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal 25 financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to pay a 26 specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of 27 monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed 28 by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver 29 30 the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender's compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be 31 supervised by the department for ten years following the entry of the 32 judgment and sentence or ten years following the offender's release 33 34 from total confinement. All monetary payments ordered shall be paid no 35 later than ten years after the last date of release from confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence was entered 36 37 unless the superior court extends the criminal judgment an additional ten years. If the legal financial obligations including crime victims' 38 39 assessments are not paid during the initial ten-year period, the

- superior court may extend jurisdiction under the criminal judgment an 1 additional ten years as provided in RCW 9.94A.140, 9.94A.142, and 2 9.94A.145. If jurisdiction under the criminal judgment is extended, 3 4 the department is not responsible for supervision of the offender during the subsequent period. Independent of the department, the party 5 or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the 6 7 authority to utilize any other remedies available to the party or 8 entity to collect the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this 9 section makes the department, the state, or any of its employees, 10 agents, or other persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the payment of these legal financial obligations. If 11 an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the 12 13 county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order.
 - (13) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision or community placement which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

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- (14) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial obligation shall be under the supervision of the department of corrections and shall follow explicitly the instructions and conditions of the department of corrections. The department may require an offender to perform affirmative acts it deems appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions of the sentence imposed.
- 25 (a) The instructions shall include, at a minimum, reporting as 26 directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within 27 prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community corrections 28 officer of any change in the offender's address or employment, and 29 paying the supervision fee assessment.
 - (b) For offenders sentenced to terms involving community custody for crimes committed on or after June 6, 1996, the department may include, in addition to the instructions in (a) of this subsection, any appropriate conditions of supervision, including but not limited to, prohibiting the offender from having contact with any other specified individuals or specific class of individuals. The conditions authorized under this subsection (14)(b) may be imposed by the department prior to or during an offender's community custody term. If a violation of conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section occurs during community

- 1 custody, it shall be deemed a violation of community placement for the
- 2 purposes of RCW 9.94A.207 and shall authorize the department to
- 3 transfer an offender to a more restrictive confinement status as
- 4 provided in RCW 9.94A.205. At any time prior to the completion of a
- 5 sex offender's term of community custody, the department may recommend
- 6 to the court that any or all of the conditions imposed by the court or
- 7 the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section be continued
- 8 beyond the expiration of the offender's term of community custody as
- 9 authorized in subsection (10)(c) of this section.
- 10 The department may require offenders to pay for special services
- 11 rendered on or after July 25, 1993, including electronic monitoring,
- 12 day reporting, and telephone reporting, dependent upon the offender's
- 13 ability to pay. The department may pay for these services for
- 14 offenders who are not able to pay.
- 15 (15) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community
- 16 supervision, community service, or community placement under the
- 17 supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or
- 18 possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found
- 19 to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition
- 20 shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions.
- 21 "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power
- 22 and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in
- 23 this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be
- 24 fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.
- 25 (16) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all
- 26 confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was
- 27 solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being
- 28 sentenced.
- 29 (17) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2)
- 30 governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or
- 31 concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in
- 32 subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the
- 33 defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6).
- 34 (18) The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is
- 35 convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person or damage to
- 36 or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement
- 37 or placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary
- 38 circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court's

- 1 judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in 2 the record if it does not order restitution.
- 3 (19) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an 4 order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which 5 the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having 6 any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of 7 individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence 8 for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of 9 community supervision or community placement.
- 10 (20) The court may order an offender whose sentence includes community placement or community supervision to undergo a mental status 11 evaluation and to participate in available outpatient mental health 12 13 treatment, if the court finds that reasonable grounds exist to believe that the offender is a mentally ill person as defined in RCW 71.24.025, 14 15 and that this condition is likely to have influenced the offense. order requiring mental status evaluation or treatment must be based on 16 a presentence report and, if applicable, mental status evaluations that 17 have been filed with the court to determine the offender's competency 18 19 or eligibility for a defense of insanity. The court may order additional evaluations at a later date if deemed appropriate. 20
- (21) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of work crew and home detention.
- (22) All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations.
- 29 (23) In sentencing an offender convicted of a crime of domestic 30 violence, as defined in RCW 10.99.020, if the offender has a minor 31 child, or if the victim of the offense for which the offender was 32 convicted has a minor child, the court may, as part of any term of 33 community supervision, order the offender to participate in a domestic 34 violence perpetrator program approved under RCW 26.50.150.

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